

代幾 I 計算演習 (2005/07/07)

サラスの展開 (Text の p.27) を利用して以下の行列式を求めなさい。

問 1.

$$\begin{vmatrix} -5 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 \\ -1 & -3 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

問 2.

$$\begin{vmatrix} -2 & -3 & 2 \\ 3 & -1 & 0 \\ 5 & 5 & 4 \end{vmatrix}$$

問 3.

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & -4 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 & -2 \\ 4 & -3 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

問 4.

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 1 & -5 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

問 5.

$$\begin{vmatrix} -5 & -3 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 5 \\ -3 & -5 & -2 \end{vmatrix}$$

問 6.

$$\begin{vmatrix} 0 & -5 & -4 \\ -2 & -1 & -5 \\ 1 & -5 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

問 7.

$$\begin{vmatrix} 4 & 2 & 1 \\ -4 & -3 & -3 \\ -3 & 4 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$$

問 8.

$$\begin{vmatrix} -5 & -3 & 1 \\ -2 & -4 & 1 \\ 5 & 2 & -5 \end{vmatrix}$$

問 9.

$$\begin{vmatrix} 4 & 2 & -4 \\ -5 & 5 & 5 \\ -4 & -3 & -2 \end{vmatrix}$$

問 10.

$$\begin{vmatrix} -4 & 1 & -4 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 \\ -5 & -3 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$$

問 11.

$$\begin{vmatrix} -3 & -3 & -1 \\ 3 & -3 & 1 \\ -4 & -2 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

問 12.

$$\begin{vmatrix} 2 & -2 & -4 \\ 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 2 & 5 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

解答

答 1.

$$\begin{vmatrix} -5 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 \\ -1 & -3 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{aligned} & (-5) \times 4 \times 2 + 2 \times 0 \times (-1) + 5 \times 0 \times (-3) \\ & - (-5) \times 0 \times (-3) - 2 \times 0 \times 2 - 5 \times 4 \times (-1) \end{aligned} \\ = -20$$

答 2.

$$\begin{vmatrix} -2 & -3 & 2 \\ 3 & -1 & 0 \\ 5 & 5 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{aligned} & (-2) \times (-1) \times 4 + (-3) \times 0 \times 5 + 2 \times 3 \times 5 \\ & - (-2) \times 0 \times 5 - (-3) \times 3 \times 4 - 2 \times (-1) \times 5 \end{aligned} \\ = 84$$

答 3.

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & -4 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 & -2 \\ 4 & -3 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{aligned} & 1 \times 1 \times 0 + (-4) \times (-2) \times 4 + (-3) \times 2 \times (-3) \\ & - 1 \times (-2) \times (-3) - (-4) \times 2 \times 0 - (-3) \times 1 \times 4 \end{aligned} \\ = 56$$

答 4.

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \\ 1 & -5 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{aligned} & 1 \times 0 \times 0 + 2 \times 3 \times 1 + (-2) \times 2 \times (-5) \\ & - 1 \times 3 \times (-5) - 2 \times 2 \times 0 - (-2) \times 0 \times 1 \end{aligned} \\ = 41$$

答 5.

$$\begin{vmatrix} -5 & -3 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & 5 \\ -3 & -5 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{aligned} & (-5) \times 0 \times (-2) + (-3) \times 5 \times (-3) + 2 \times 1 \times (-5) \\ & - (-5) \times 5 \times (-5) - (-3) \times 1 \times (-2) - 2 \times 0 \times (-3) \end{aligned} \\ = -96$$

答 6.

$$\begin{vmatrix} 0 & -5 & -4 \\ -2 & -1 & -5 \\ 1 & -5 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{aligned} & 0 \times (-1) \times 1 + (-5) \times (-5) \times 1 + (-4) \times (-2) \times (-5) \\ & - 0 \times (-5) \times (-5) - (-5) \times (-2) \times 1 - (-4) \times (-1) \times 1 \end{aligned} \\ = -29$$

答 7.

$$\begin{vmatrix} 4 & 2 & 1 \\ -4 & -3 & -3 \\ -3 & 4 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{array}{l} 4 \times (-3) \times 3 + 2 \times (-3) \times (-3) + 1 \times (-4) \times 4 \\ - 4 \times (-3) \times 4 - 2 \times (-4) \times 3 - 1 \times (-3) \times (-3) \end{array} \\ = 29$$

答 8.

$$\begin{vmatrix} -5 & -3 & 1 \\ -2 & -4 & 1 \\ 5 & 2 & -5 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{array}{l} (-5) \times (-4) \times (-5) + (-3) \times 1 \times 5 + 1 \times (-2) \times 2 \\ - (-5) \times 1 \times 2 - (-3) \times (-2) \times (-5) - 1 \times (-4) \times 5 \end{array} \\ = -59$$

答 9.

$$\begin{vmatrix} 4 & 2 & -4 \\ -5 & 5 & 5 \\ -4 & -3 & -2 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{array}{l} 4 \times 5 \times (-2) + 2 \times 5 \times (-4) + (-4) \times (-5) \times (-3) \\ - 4 \times 5 \times (-3) - 2 \times (-5) \times (-2) - (-4) \times 5 \times (-4) \end{array} \\ = -180$$

答 10.

$$\begin{vmatrix} -4 & 1 & -4 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 \\ -5 & -3 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{array}{l} (-4) \times (-3) \times 3 + 1 \times 1 \times (-5) + (-4) \times 0 \times (-3) \\ - (-4) \times 1 \times (-3) - 1 \times 0 \times 3 - (-4) \times (-3) \times (-5) \end{array} \\ = 79$$

答 11.

$$\begin{vmatrix} -3 & -3 & -1 \\ 3 & -3 & 1 \\ -4 & -2 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{array}{l} (-3) \times (-3) \times 2 + (-3) \times 1 \times (-4) + (-1) \times 3 \times (-2) \\ - (-3) \times 1 \times (-2) - (-3) \times 3 \times 2 - (-1) \times (-3) \times (-4) \end{array} \\ = 60$$

答 12.

$$\begin{vmatrix} 2 & -2 & -4 \\ 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 2 & 5 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{array}{l} 2 \times 5 \times 0 + (-2) \times 1 \times 2 + (-4) \times 1 \times 5 \\ - 2 \times 1 \times 5 - (-2) \times 1 \times 0 - (-4) \times 5 \times 2 \end{array} \\ = 6$$